



# Cartmel CE Primary School

# CODE OF CONDUCT FOR STAFF AND OTHER ADULTS

**2017/2019**

**The Governing Body adopted this policy on: October 2017**

**Approved by: Mary Iveson**

**Review date: October 2019**

## **Mission Statement**

*'Mighty Oaks from Little Acorns Grow'*

We will do our best, be happy and honest, show respect and be friendly.

At Cartmel we create a happy caring environment based on Christian Values, where we value every child and encourage them to strive for their highest standards of achievement. We ensure that our young people go into the world as confident, independent, responsible citizens with a love for learning.

Our Mission Statement pays homage to our conviction that there is something potentially wonderful in every individual.

<sup>1</sup>This Code of Conduct requires approval from the Governing body or Proprietor

<sup>2</sup>Governing Body/Proprietor to determine the review period

## REVIEW SHEET

The information in the table below provides details of the earlier versions of this document and brief details of reviews and, where appropriate amendments which have been made to later versions. Schools should devise their own version history to reflect the Policy status in the school.

Version Number	Version Description	Date of Revision
1	Original	Jan 2016
2	Updated to include changes in terminology as a result of revised 'Keeping Children Safe in Education' September 2016	Aug 2016
3	Revised to include section on staff and other adults use of Mobile Phones in school	March 2017

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## 1. Definitions

References made to 'child' and 'children' refer to children and young people under the age of 18 years. However, the principles of this Code of Conduct apply to professional behaviours towards all pupils, including those over the age of 18 years. 'Child' should therefore be read to mean **any pupil** at the setting.

References made to employees, adults and staff refer to all those who work with pupils in this setting, in either a paid or unpaid capacity. This will also include, for example, volunteers and those who are not directly employed by the school e.g. Local Authority staff, sports coaches, independent supply staff and agency staff.

Wherever the term 'parent' is used, this includes any person with parental authority of the child concerned e.g. carers, legal guardians etc.

The term 'allegation' means where it is alleged that a person who works with children has:

- behaved in a way that has harmed a child, or may have harmed a child;
- possibly committed a criminal offence against or related to a child; or,
- behaved towards a child or children in a way that indicates they may pose a risk of harm to children.

## 2. Objective and Scope

This Code of Conduct is designed to give clear guidance on the standards of behaviour all employees and other adults working with children in our school are expected to observe. School employees are role models and are in a unique position of influence and must adhere to behaviour that sets a good example to all the pupils within the school. As a member of a school community, each employee has an individual responsibility to maintain their reputation and the reputation of the school, whether inside or outside working hours. The Code of Conduct will also assist staff to monitor their own standards and practice and reduce the risk of allegations being made against them.

It is recognised that not all people who work with children at this school are paid or contracted employees. The principles and guidance outlined in this document still apply and should be followed by any person whose work brings them into contact with children including volunteers. This Code of Conduct does not form part of any employee's contract of employment.

In addition to this Code of Conduct, all employees engaged to work under Teachers' Terms and Conditions of Employment have a statutory obligation to adhere to the 'Teachers' Standards 2012' and in relation to this Code of Conduct, Part 2 of the Teachers' Standards - Personal and Professional Conduct.

All staff have a responsibility to be aware of systems and practices in the school which support safeguarding and these are outlined as part of the induction process for all staff and regular volunteers.

It is recognised that the vast majority of adults who work with children act professionally and aim to provide a safe and supporting environment which secures the well-being and very best outcomes for children in their care. Achieving these aims is not always straightforward, as much relies on child and staff interactions where tensions and misunderstandings can occur. This document aims to reduce the risk of these.

Unacceptable behaviour by adults in this school will not be tolerated and, where appropriate, legal or disciplinary action is likely to follow such behaviour. Once adopted, this document may be referred to in any disciplinary proceedings following unacceptable actions by staff or other adults.

## 3. Underpinning Principles

- The welfare of the child is paramount.
- Staff should understand their responsibilities to safeguard and promote the welfare of pupils.
- Staff are responsible for their own actions and behaviour and should avoid any conduct which would lead any reasonable person to question their motivation and intentions.
- Staff should work, and be seen to work, in an open and transparent way.

- Staff should acknowledge that deliberately invented/malicious allegations are extremely rare and that all concerns should be reported and recorded.
- Staff should discuss and/or take advice promptly from their line manager if they have acted in a way which may give rise to concern.
- Staff must apply the same professional standards regardless of culture, disability, gender, language, racial origin, religious belief and sexual orientation.
- Staff must not consume or be under the influence of alcohol or any substance, including prescribed medication, which may affect their ability to care for children.
- Staff should be aware that breaches of the law and other professional guidelines may result in disciplinary action being taken against them, criminal action and/or other proceedings including barring by the Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) from working in regulated activity, or for acts of serious misconduct, prohibition from teaching by the National College of Teaching and Leadership (NCTL).
- Staff and managers will continually monitor and review practice to ensure this guidance is followed.
- Staff must be aware of and understand the school's Child Protection Policy and procedures, Online/e-Safety Policy and procedures, arrangements for managing allegations against staff, Whistle blowing procedure and the Cumbria Safeguarding Children Board (SCB) procedures.

#### 4. Setting an Example

- All individuals who work or volunteer in school set examples of behaviour and conduct which can be copied by pupils. Staff must therefore, for example, avoid using inappropriate or offensive language at all times.
- All staff must, therefore, demonstrate high standards of conduct in order to encourage our pupils to do the same.
- All staff must also avoid putting themselves at risk of allegations of abusive or unprofessional conduct.
- This Code helps all staff to understand what behaviour is and is not acceptable; regard should also be given to the disciplinary rules set out in the Schools' Disciplinary Policy and Procedure.
- All staff are expected to familiarise themselves and comply with all school Policies and procedures.

#### 5. Responsibilities

Staff and other adults are accountable for the way in which they exercise authority, manage risk, use resources and safeguard children.

All staff and other adults have a responsibility to keep pupils safe and protect them from abuse (sexual, physical and emotional) and neglect. Pupils have a right to be safe and to be treated with respect and dignity. It follows that trusted adults are expected to take reasonable steps to ensure their safety and well-being. Failure to do so may be regarded as professional misconduct.

The safeguarding culture of a school is, in part, exercised through the development of respectful, caring and professional relationships between adults and pupils and behaviour by the adult that demonstrates integrity, maturity and good judgement.

The public, local authorities, employers and parents will have expectations about the nature of professional involvement in the lives of children. When individuals accept a role working in an education setting, they should understand and acknowledge the responsibilities and trust involved in that role.

Employers have duties towards their employees and others under Health, Safety and Welfare legislation which requires them to take steps to provide a safe working environment for both staff and other visitors to the school including pupils.

Legislation also imposes a duty on employees to take care of themselves and anyone else who may be affected by their actions or failings. An employer's health and safety duties and the adults' responsibilities towards children should not conflict. Safe practice can be demonstrated through the use and implementation of these guidelines.

The following responsibilities apply in our School.

## 5.1 Governing Body

The Governing Body at our School will:

- ensure that appropriate safeguarding and child protection Policies and procedures are developed, distributed, adopted, implemented and monitored;
- promote a culture of openness and support;
- ensure that systems are in place for concerns to be raised;
- ensure that adults are not placed in situations which render them particularly vulnerable;
- ensure that all adults are aware of expectations, Policies and procedures.

## 5.2 Staff and other Adults

Staff and other adults are expected to:

- understand the responsibilities which are part of their employment or role, and be aware that sanctions will be applied if these provisions are breached;
- read and understand their role as outlined in the Child Protection Policy and other school safeguarding Policies;
- report any concerns about a pupil or colleague to the school's Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) or other senior manager at the first opportunity. Concerns about the Head teacher must be referred to the Chair of the Governors in the first instance;
- always act, and be seen to act, in the child's best interests;
- avoid any conduct which would lead any reasonable person to question their motivation and intentions;
- take reasonable care of pupils under their supervision with the aim of ensuring, as far as is reasonable, their health, safety and welfare;
- take responsibility for their own actions and behaviour.

## 6. Making Professional Judgements

This Code of Conduct does not provide an exhaustive list of what is, or is not, appropriate behaviour for staff. It does, however, highlight behaviour which is illegal, inappropriate or inadvisable. There will be rare occasions and circumstances in which staff have to make decisions or take action in the best interest of a pupil which could contravene this Code of Conduct or where no specific guidance exists. Individuals are expected to make judgements about their behaviour in order to secure the best interests and welfare of the pupils in their charge and, in so doing, will be seen to be acting reasonably. These judgements must be recorded and shared with a manager at the earliest opportunity.

Adults should always consider whether their actions are warranted, proportionate, safe and applied equitably.

**Where no specific guidance exists, staff and other adults are expected to:**

- **discuss the circumstances that informed their action, or their proposed action, with their line manager or, where appropriate, the DSL. This will help to ensure that the safest practices are employed and reduce the risk of actions being misinterpreted;**
- **always discuss any misunderstanding, accidents or threats with the Head teacher or DSL;**
- **always record discussions and actions taken with their justifications;**
- **record any areas of disagreement and, if necessary, refer to another agency/LA/Ofsted/NCTL/other Regulatory Body.**

## 7. Power and Positions of Trust and Authority

As a result of their knowledge, position and/or the authority invested in their role, all those working with children in our school are in a position of trust in relation to all pupils on the roll.

The relationship between a person working with a child or children is one in which the adult has a position of power or influence. It is vital for adults to understand this power; that the relationship cannot be one between equals and the responsibility they must exercise as a consequence.

The potential for exploitation and harm of vulnerable pupils means that adults have a responsibility to ensure that an unequal balance of power is not used for personal advantage or gratification.

Staff should always maintain appropriate professional boundaries, avoid behaviour which could be misinterpreted by others and report and record any such incident.

Where a person aged 18 or over is in a position of trust with a child under 18, it is an offence under the Sexual Offences Act 2003 for that person to engage in sexual activity with or in the presence of that child, or to cause or incite that child to engage in or watch sexual activity.

**Staff and other adults in this school should not:**

- use their position to gain access to information for their own advantage and/or a pupil's or family's detriment;
- use their power to intimidate, threaten, coerce or undermine pupils;
- use their status and standing to form or promote relationships with pupils which are of a sexual nature, or which may become so.

## 8. Confidentiality

The storing and processing of personal information is governed by the Data Protection Act 1998. The Governors has a Data Protection Policy which contains details on confidentiality.

Staff who have access to confidential information about pupils and their families must keep this confidential at all times and only share this when legally permissible to do so and in the interest of the child. Records should only be shared with those who have a legitimate professional need to see them.

Staff must never use confidential or personal information about a pupil or their family for their own, or others' advantage (including that of partners, friends, relatives or other organisations). Information must never be used to intimidate, humiliate, or embarrass the child. Confidential information must never be used casually in conversation or shared with any person other than on a need to know basis. In circumstances where the pupil's identity does not need to be disclosed, the information will be used anonymously.

There are some circumstances in which a member of staff may be expected to share information about a pupil, for example when abuse is alleged or suspected. In such cases, individuals have a responsibility to pass information on without delay, but only to those with designated safeguarding responsibilities.

If a child (or their parent) makes a disclosure regarding abuse or neglect, the member of staff will follow the school's child protection procedures. The adult must not promise confidentiality to a child or parent, but should give reassurance that the information will be treated sensitively.

If a member of staff is in any doubt about whether to share information or keep it confidential he/she should seek guidance from the DSL. Any media or legal enquiries will be passed to a senior manager.

**Staff and other adults in this school are expected to:**

- know the name of the Designated Safeguarding Lead – **Rachel Battersby**;
- know how to access/be familiar with the Cumbria Safeguarding Children Board (SCB) procedures and guidance;
- treat information they receive about pupils and families in a discreet and confidential manner;
- seek advice from a senior member of staff (DSL) if they are in any doubt about sharing information they hold or which has been requested of them;
- be clear about when information can/must be shared and in what circumstances;
- know the procedures for responding to allegations against staff and to whom any concerns or allegations should be reported – **Rachel Battersby**;
- know the procedures for responding to allegations made against the Head teacher – **Mary Iveson**;
- ensure that where personal information is recorded using modern technologies that systems and devices are kept secure in accordance with the school Online/e Safety Policy and staff Acceptable Use Agreement.

## 9. Standards of Behaviour

All staff have a responsibility to maintain public confidence in their ability to safeguard the welfare and best interests of children. Staff are expected to adopt high standards of personal conduct in order to maintain confidence and respect of the general public and those with whom they work.

Staff must not engage in conduct outside work which could seriously damage the reputation and standing of the school or the employee's own reputation or the reputation of other members of the school community. In particular, criminal offences that involve violence or possession or use of illegal substances or sexual misconduct are likely to be regarded as unacceptable.

Staff may undertake work outside school, either paid or voluntary, provided that it does not conflict with the interest of the school nor be to a level which may contravene the Working Time Regulations or affect an individual's work performance in the school.

There may be times where an individual's actions in their personal life come under scrutiny from the community, the media or public authorities, including with regard to their own children, or children or adults in the community. Staff should be aware that their behaviour, either in or out of the workplace, could compromise their position within the work setting in relation to the protection of children, loss of trust and confidence, or bringing the employer into disrepute. Such behaviour may also result in prohibition from teaching by the NCTL, a bar from engaging in regulated activity, or action by another relevant regulatory body.

The Childcare (Disqualification) Regulations 2009 set out grounds for disqualification under the Childcare Act 2006 where the person or a person living in the same household or employed in the same household meets certain criteria set out in the Regulations. A disqualified person is prohibited from providing relevant early or later years' childcare as defined in the Childcare Act 2006 or being directly concerned in the management of such childcare. Schools and private childcare settings are also prohibited from employing a disqualified person in respect of relevant early or later years' childcare.

**Staff and other adults in this school must not:**

- **behave in a manner which would lead any reasonable person to question their suitability to work with children or to act as an appropriate role model;**
- **make, or encourage others to make sexual remarks to, or about, a pupil;**
- **use inappropriate language to, or in the presence of, pupils;**
- **discuss their personal or sexual relationships with, or in the presence of, pupils;**
- **make, or encourage others to make unprofessional personal comments which scapegoat, demean or humiliate, or might be interpreted as such;**
- **post activity online, either in or out of school, which would bring the school or professional role into disrepute.**

**In addition to the above, staff are expected to:**

- **be aware that behaviour by themselves, those with whom they share a household, or others in their personal lives, may impact on their work with children;**
- **understand that a person who provides Early Years education or Childcare may be disqualified because of their "association" with a person living or employed in the same household who is disqualified.**

## 10. Dress and Appearance

A person's dress and appearance are matters of personal choice and self-expression and some individuals will wish to exercise their own cultural customs. However, staff should select a manner of dress and appearance appropriate to their professional role and which may be necessarily different to that adopted in their personal life. Staff should ensure they are dressed decently, safely and appropriately for the tasks they undertake. Those who dress or appear in a manner which would be viewed as offensive or inappropriate will render themselves vulnerable to criticism or allegation.

**Staff and other adults in our school are expected to wear clothing and accessories which:**

- promote a positive and professional image;
- do not create a risk to either the wearer or others in the school and is appropriate to their role;
- are not likely to be viewed as offensive, revealing, or sexually provocative;
- does not distract, cause embarrassment or give rise to misunderstanding;
- is absent of any political or otherwise contentious slogans;
- is not considered to be discriminatory;
- is compliant with professional standards.

## 11. Gifts, Rewards, Favouritism and Exclusion

Staff must maintain high standards of honesty and integrity in their work. This includes the handling and claiming of money and the use of school property and facilities.

This school has a procedure in place regarding the giving of gifts or rewards to pupils and the receiving of gifts from them or their parents and staff are made aware of and understand what is expected of them.

Staff must take care that they do not accept any gift that might be construed as a bribe by others, or lead the giver to expect preferential treatment.

There are occasions when pupils or parents wish to pass small tokens of appreciation to staff e.g. at Christmas or as a thank you and this is usually acceptable. It is, however, unacceptable to receive gifts on a regular basis or of any significant value.

It is also inadvisable to give such personal gifts to pupils or their families. This could be interpreted as a gesture either to bribe or groom. It might also be perceived that a 'favour' of some kind is expected in return.

Any reward given to a pupil should be in accordance with our Whole School Behaviour Policy, recorded and not based on favouritism.

Adults in this school are advised to exercise care when selecting children for specific activities, jobs or privileges in order to avoid perceptions of favouritism or injustice. Similar care should be exercised when pupils are excluded from an activity. Methods of selection and exclusion will always be subject to clear, fair and agreed criteria.

**Staff and other adults in this school are expected to:**

- be aware of and understand the school procedures on sanctions and rewards;
- ensure that gifts received or given in situations which may be misconstrued are declared and recorded, with the exception of 'one-off' token gifts from a pupil or parent;
- only give gifts to a pupil as part of an agreed reward system;
- where giving gifts other than as above, ensure that these are of insignificant value and given to all pupils equally;
- ensure that all selection processes of pupils are fair and these are undertaken and agreed by more than one member of staff;
- ensure that they do not behave in a manner which is either favourable or unfavourable to individual pupils.

## 12. Infatuations and 'Crushes'

All staff and other adults need to recognise that it is not uncommon for pupils to be strongly attracted to a member of staff and/or develop a 'crush' or infatuation. They should make every effort to ensure that their own behaviour cannot be brought into question, does not appear to encourage this and be aware that such infatuations may carry a risk of their words or actions being misinterpreted.

Any member of staff who receives a report, overhears something, or otherwise notices any sign, however small or seemingly insignificant that a young person has become or may be becoming infatuated with either themselves or a colleague, should immediately report this to the Head teacher or most senior

manager<sup>1</sup>. In this way, appropriate early intervention can be taken which can prevent escalation and avoid hurt, embarrassment or distress for those concerned.

The Head teacher will give careful thought to those circumstances where the staff member, pupil and their parents should be spoken to and will ensure a plan to manage the situation is put in place. This plan will respond sensitively to the child and staff member and maintain the dignity of all. This plan will involve all parties, be robust and regularly monitored and reviewed.

**Staff and other adults in this school are expected to:**

- **report any indications (verbal, written or physical) that suggest a pupil may be infatuated with a member of staff;**
- **always maintain professional boundaries;**
- **in the case of senior managers, put an action plan in place to deal with any concerns which are brought to their attention.**

### **13. Social Contact Outside the Workplace**

It is acknowledged that staff may have genuine friendships and social contact with parents of pupils, independent of the professional relationship. Staff should, however, also be aware that professionals who sexually harm children often seek to establish relationships and contact outside the workplace with both the child and their parents, in order to 'groom' the adult and the child and/or create opportunities for sexual abuse.

It is also important to recognise that social contact may provide opportunities for other types of grooming such as for the purpose of sexual exploitation or radicalisation.

Staff should recognise that some types of social contact with pupils or their families could be perceived as harmful or exerting inappropriate influence on children, and may bring the setting into disrepute (e.g. attending a political protest, circulating propaganda).

If a pupil or parent seeks to establish social contact, or if this occurs coincidentally, the member of staff should exercise his/her professional judgement. This also applies to social contacts made through outside interests or the staff member's own family.

Some staff may, as part of their professional role, be required to support a parent. If that person comes to depend upon the staff member or seeks support outside of their professional role this should be discussed with senior management and where necessary referrals made to the appropriate support agency.

**Staff and other adults in this school are expected to:**

- **always approve any planned social contact with pupils or parents with senior colleagues, for example when it is part of a reward scheme;**
- **advise senior management of any regular social contact they have with a pupil which could give rise to concern;**
- **refrain from sending personal communication to pupils or parents unless agreed with senior managers;**
- **inform senior management of any relationship with a parent where this extends beyond the usual parent/professional relationship;**
- **inform senior management of any requests or arrangements where parents wish to use their services outside of the workplace e.g. babysitting, tutoring etc.**

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<sup>1</sup> If the Head teacher has the concern that a young person is becoming infatuated with them, they should report this to the Chair of Governors/Proprietor

## 14. Communication with Children (including the use of technology)

In order to make best use of the many educational and social benefits of new and emerging technologies, pupils need opportunities to use and explore the digital world. Online safety risks are posed more by behaviours and values than the technology itself.

Staff are expected to ensure that they establish safe and responsible online behaviours, working to local and national guidelines and acceptable use policies which detail how new and emerging technologies may be used.

Communication with children both in the 'real' world and through web based and telecommunication interactions should take place within explicit professional boundaries. This includes the use of computers, tablets, phones, texts, emails, instant messages, social media such as Facebook and Twitter, chat-rooms, forums, blogs, websites, gaming sites, digital cameras, videos, web-cams and other hand-held devices. (Given the ever changing world of technology it should be noted that this list gives examples only and is not exhaustive).

Staff must not request or respond to any personal information from children other than that which may be necessary in their professional role. They should ensure that their communications are open and transparent and avoid any communication which could be interpreted as 'grooming behaviour'.

Staff should not give their personal contact details to children for example, email address, home or mobile telephone numbers, details of web-based identities. If children locate these by any other means and attempt to contact or correspond with the staff member, the adult should not respond and must report the matter to their manager. The child should be firmly and politely informed that this is not acceptable.

In any communication with children, staff are also expected to follow the guidance in Section 7 'Standards of Behaviour'.

Staff at this school must adhere to the 'Acceptable Use Agreement' as outlined in the Online/e Safety Policy and procedures.

**Staff and other adults in this school are expected to:**

- not seek to communicate/make contact or respond to contact with pupils outside of the purposes of their work;
- not give out their personal details;
- not discuss your professional role in any capacity when using social media such as Facebook;
- not put online any text, image, sound or video that could upset or offend any member of the whole school community or be incompatible with their professional role;
- treat all pupil and staff issues with the highest standards of confidentiality;
- use ICT appropriately and in accordance with the school's Online Safety Policy and procedures and staff acceptable use agreement;
- be aware of and consider the possible implications for the school, colleagues and themselves when posting on Social Network Sites;
- use on-line technology appropriately and not compromise the professional integrity of colleagues or other adults in the school community
- use only equipment and internet services provided by the school;
- follow their school's Acceptable Use Agreement;
- ensure that their use of technologies could not bring their employer into disrepute.

## 15. Use of Mobile Phones by Staff and Other Adults in School

It is recognised that many mobile phones have inbuilt and enhanced features which could be misused and which also offer distractions and disruption to the working day in a school environment. Use of mobile phones by staff and other adults must be balanced against the protection against potential misuse with the recognition that mobile phones are effective communication tools. The following paragraphs relate to all mobile communication devices as opposed to only mobile phones.

The following standards apply to all individuals who have access to personal mobile phones or other mobile communication devices on site.

The aim is to ensure that all adults:

- have a clear understanding of what constitutes misuse
- know how to minimise the associated risks with the use of mobile technology
- avoid putting themselves into compromising situations which could be misinterpreted and lead to possible allegations
- understand the need for professional boundaries and clear guidance regarding acceptable use
- are responsible for self-moderation of their own behaviours
- are aware of the importance of reporting concerns promptly

**Staff and other adults in this school:**

- are not permitted to make/receive calls/texts during contact time with children. Emergency contact should be made via the school office;
- must have their phones on silent or switched off and out of sight (e.g. in a drawer, handbag or pocket) during class time;
- are not permitted to use mobile communication devices in a space where children are present (e.g. classroom, withdrawal area, playground);
- may use their phones (including receiving/sending texts and emails) during non-contact time when no children are present e.g. in office areas, staff room, empty classrooms;
- are advised to protect access to functions of their phone whilst it is on school premises;
- should inform the Head teacher if there are exceptional circumstances (e.g. acutely sick relative) when permission will be granted to have their phone in case of having to receive an emergency call;
- are not permitted at any time to use recording equipment on their mobile devices unless by prior agreement with the Head teacher. Legitimate recordings and photographs should be captured using school equipment such as cameras and ipads;
- should report to the Head teacher any usage of mobile devices that causes them concern.

## 16. Physical Contact

There are occasions when it is entirely appropriate and proper for staff to have physical contact with children, however, it is crucial that they only do so in ways appropriate to their professional role and in relation to the pupil's individual needs and any agreed care plan.

Not all children feel comfortable about certain types of physical contact; this should be recognised and, wherever possible, adults should seek the pupil's permission before initiating contact and be sensitive to any signs that they may be uncomfortable or embarrassed. Staff should acknowledge that some pupils are more comfortable with touch than others and/or may be more comfortable with touch from some adults than others. Staff should listen, observe and take note of the child's reaction or feelings and, so far as is possible, use a level of contact and/or form of communication which is acceptable to the pupil.

It is not possible to be specific about the appropriateness of each physical contact, since an action that is appropriate with one pupil, in one set of circumstances, may be inappropriate in another, or with a different child.

Any physical contact should be in response to the child's needs at the time, of limited duration and appropriate to their age, stage of development, gender, ethnicity and background. Adults should therefore, use their professional judgement at all times.

Physical contact must never be secretive, for the gratification of the adult, or represent a misuse of authority. If a member of staff believes that an action by them or a colleague could be misinterpreted, or if an action is observed which is possibly abusive, the incident and circumstances should be immediately reported to the Head teacher or DSL and recorded. Where appropriate, the Head teacher/DSL will consult with the local authority Designated Officer (DO).

Extra caution may be required where it is known that a child has suffered previous abuse or neglect. Staff need to be aware that the child may associate physical contact with such experiences. They should

recognise that these pupils may seek out inappropriate physical contact. In such circumstances, staff should deter the child sensitively and help them to understand the importance of personal boundaries.

A general culture of 'safe touch' will be adopted, where appropriate, based on the individual requirements of each child. Pupils with disabilities may require more physical contact to assist their everyday learning and in relation to moving and handling in order to promote independence. The arrangements should be understood and agreed by all concerned (this may be explicit in the Education Health and Care Plan), justified in terms of the pupil's needs, consistently applied and open to scrutiny.

We have a system in place for recording incidents and the means by which information about incidents and outcomes can be easily accessed by senior management.

We will also ensure that we provide staff, on a 'need to know' basis, with relevant information about vulnerable children in their care.

**Staff and other adults in this school are expected to:**

- **be aware that even well intentioned physical contact may be misconstrued by the pupil, and observer or any person to whom this action is described;**
- **never touch a pupil in a way which may be considered indecent;**
- **always be prepared to explain actions and accept that all physical contact is open to scrutiny;**
- **never indulge in horseplay or fun fights;**
- **always allow/encourage pupils, where able, to undertake self-care tasks independently;**
- **ensure the way they offer comfort to a distressed pupil is age appropriate;**
- **always tell a colleague when and how they offered comfort to a distressed pupil;**
- **establish the preferences of pupils;**
- **consider alternatives, where it is anticipated that a pupil might misinterpret or be uncomfortable with physical contact;**
- **always explain to the pupil the reason why contact is necessary and what form that contact will take;**
- **report and record situations which may give rise to concern;**
- **be aware of cultural or religious views about touching and be sensitive to issue of gender.**

## **17. Other Activities that Require Physical Contact**

In certain curriculum areas, such as PE, drama or music, staff may need to initiate some physical contact with children, for example, to demonstrate technique in the use of a piece of equipment, adjust posture, or support a child so they can perform an activity safely or prevent injury.

Physical contact should take place only when it is necessary in relation to a particular activity. It should take place in a safe and open environment i.e. one easily observed by others and last for the minimum time necessary. The extent of the contact should be made clear and undertaken with the permission of the pupil. Contact should be relevant to their age and understanding and adults should remain sensitive to any discomfort expressed verbally or non-verbally by the pupil.

Guidance and protocols around safe and appropriate physical contact may be provided, for example, by sports governing bodies and should be understood and applied consistently. Any incidents of physical contact that cause concern or fall outside of these protocols and guidance must be reported to the Head teacher/DSL and parent.

It is good practice if all parties clearly understand at the outset, what physical contact is necessary and appropriate in undertaking specific activities. Keeping parents and pupils informed of the extent and nature of any physical contact may also prevent allegations of misconduct or abuse arising.

We have in place guidance and protocols on appropriate physical contact that promote safe practice and include clear expectations of behaviour and conduct.

Staff and other adults are made aware of this guidance and it is brought to their attention on a regular basis. It also forms part of the staff and volunteer induction programme.

**Staff and other adults in this school are expected to:**

- **treat pupils with dignity and respect and avoid contact with intimate parts of the body;**
- **always explain to a pupil the reason why contact is necessary and what form that contact will take;**
- **seek consent from parents where a pupil is unable to give this e.g. because of a disability;**
- **consider alternatives, where it is anticipated that a pupil might misinterpret any such contact;**
- **be familiar with and follow recommended guidance and protocols;**
- **conduct activities where they can be seen by others;**
- **be aware of gender, cultural and religious issues that may need to be considered prior to initiating physical contact.**

## **18. Intimate/Personal Care**

We have a clear nappy and intimate care procedures which ensure that the health, safety, independence and welfare of children is promoted and their dignity and privacy are respected. Arrangements for intimate and personal care are open and transparent and accompanied by recording systems.

Pupils are encouraged to act as independently as possible and to undertake as much of their own personal care as is possible and practicable. When assistance is required, this will normally be undertaken by one member of staff, however, they should try to ensure that another appropriate adult is in the vicinity who is aware of the task to be undertaken and that, wherever possible, they are visible and/or audible. Intimate care procedures do not include the need for more than one member of staff unless the child's Education Health and Care Plan (EHC Plan) specifies the reason for this.

A signed record will be kept of all intimate and personal care tasks undertaken and, where these have been carried out in another room, will include times left and returned.

Any vulnerability, including those that may arise from a physical or learning difficulty will be considered when formulating the individual pupil's EHC Plan or Individual Healthcare Plan (IHCP). The views of parents and the pupil, regardless of their age and understanding, will be actively sought in formulating the plan and in the necessary regular reviews of these arrangements.

Pupils are entitled to respect and privacy at all times and especially when in a state of undress, including, for example, when changing, toileting and showering. There does, however, need to be an appropriate level of supervision in order to safeguard pupils, satisfy health and safety considerations and ensure that bullying or teasing does not occur. The supervision will be appropriate to the needs and age of the young people concerned and sensitive to the potential for embarrassment.

We have written individual healthcare plans (IHCPs) in place for any pupil who could be expected to require intimate care and wherever possible, we will ensure that pupils are actively consulted about their own healthcare plan.

**Staff and other adults in this school are expected to:**

- **adhere to the school's intimate care procedures;**
- **make other staff aware of the task being undertaken;**
- **always explain to the pupil what is happening before a care procedure begins;**
- **consult with colleagues where any variation from the agreed procedure/healthcare plan is necessary;**
- **record the justification for any variations to the agreed procedure/health care plan and share this information with the pupil and their parent;**
- **avoid any visually intrusive behaviour;**
- **where there are changing rooms – announce their intention of entering;**
- **always consider the supervision needs of the pupils and only remain in the room where their needs require this.**

**Staff and other adults will not:**

- **change or toilet in the presence or sight of pupils;**
- **shower with pupils;**
- **assist with intimate or personal care tasks which the pupil is able to undertake independently.**

## 19. Behaviour Management

Corporal punishment and smacking is unlawful in all schools. Staff must not use any form of degrading or humiliating treatment to punish a child. The use of sarcasm, demeaning or insensitive comments towards children is completely unacceptable.

Where pupils display difficult or challenging behaviour, adults must follow the school's Whole School Behaviour Policy which includes information on when and under what circumstances it is appropriate to use reasonable force and what strategies to use which are appropriate to the circumstance and situation.

Where a pupil has specific needs in respect of particularly challenging behaviour, a Behaviour Management Plan which incorporates the positive handling plan, will be drawn up and agreed by all parties, including, for example, a medical officer, where appropriate.

The Head teacher will ensure that the school's Whole School Behaviour Policy includes clear guidance about the use of isolation and seclusion. The legislation on these strategies is complex and staff must take extreme care to avoid any practice that could be viewed as unlawful, a breach of the pupil's human rights and/or false imprisonment.

**Staff and other adults in this school are expected to:**

- **not use force as a form of punishment;**
- **try to defuse situations before they escalate e.g. by distraction;**
- **keep parents informed of any sanctions or behaviour management techniques used;**
- **be mindful of, and sensitive to, factors both inside and outside of the school or setting which may impact on a pupil's behaviour;**
- **follow the school's Behaviour Management Policy;**
- **behave as a role model;**
- **avoid shouting at children other than as a warning in an emergency/safety situation;**
- **refer to national and local policy and guidance regarding Restrictive Physical Intervention (RPI);**
- **be aware of the legislation and potential risks associated with the use of isolation and seclusion;**
- **comply with legislation and guidance in relation to human rights and restriction of liberty.**

## 20. The Use of Control and Physical Intervention

The law and guidance for schools states that adults may reasonably intervene to prevent a child from:

- committing a criminal offence;
- injuring themselves or others;
- causing damage to property;
- engaging in behaviour prejudicial to good order and to maintain good order and discipline.

Great care must be exercised in order that adults do not physically intervene in a manner which could be considered unlawful.

The School has procedures for the use of physical intervention which is consistent with national guidance. Staff are regularly acquainted with the Behaviour Policy and guidance. Where required, staff are training in appropriate physical intervention techniques.

Under no circumstances will physical force be used as a form of punishment. The use of unwarranted or disproportionate physical force is likely to constitute a criminal offence. Where we judge that a child's behaviour presents a serious risk to staff or others, we will put in place a robust risk assessment in the form of a Behaviour Management Plan (BMP) which will be reviewed regularly. Where relevant this BMP will include a physical intervention plan.

In all cases where physical intervention has taken place, a record will be made of the incident and subsequent actions. We have a physical intervention recording system in place which all staff have access to. The Head teacher/other senior manager will regularly review the records.

Similarly, where it can be anticipated that physical intervention is likely to be required, a BMP will be put in place which both the pupil (where he/she has the skills and ability to understand the Plan) and parents are

aware of and, have agreed to. Parental consent does not permit settings to use unlawful physical intervention or deprive a pupil of their liberty.

**Staff and other adults in this school are expected to:**

- **adhere to the school's physical intervention procedures;**
- **always seek to defuse situations and avoid the use of physical intervention wherever possible;**
- **where physical intervention is necessary, only use minimum force and for the shortest time needed.**

## 21. Sexual Conduct

Any sexual behaviour by a member of staff with or towards a pupil is unacceptable. It is an offence for a member of staff in a position of trust to engage in sexual activity with a pupil under 18 years of age<sup>2</sup> and sexual activity with a child could be a matter for criminal and/or disciplinary procedures.

Pupils are protected by the same laws as adults in relation to non-consensual sexual behaviour. They are additionally protected by specific legal provisions depending on their age and understanding. This includes the prohibition of sexual activity with children by adults in a position of trust.

Sexual activity involves physical contact including penetrative and non-penetrative acts, however, it also includes non-contact activities, such as causing a pupil to engage in, or watch, sexual activity or the production of pornographic material.

There are occasions when adults embark on a course of behaviour known as 'grooming' where the purpose is to gain the trust of a child, and manipulate the relationship so sexual abuse can take place. All staff have attended appropriate training so they are fully aware of those behaviours that may constitute 'grooming' and of their responsibility to always report to a senior manager any concerns about the behaviour or a colleague which could indicate that a pupil is being groomed.

**Staff and other adults in this school are expected to:**

- **not have any form of sexual contact with a pupil from the school;**
- **avoid any form of touch or comment which is, or may be considered to be, indecent;**
- **avoid any form of communication with a pupil which could be interpreted as sexually suggestive, provocative or give rise to speculation e.g. verbal comments, letters, notes, by email or on social media, phone calls, texts, physical contact;**
- **not make sexual remarks to or about a pupil;**
- **not discuss sexual matters with or in the presence of pupils other than within agreed curriculum content or as part of their recognised job role.**

## 22. One to One Situations

Staff working in one-to-one situations with pupils at the school, including visiting staff from external organisations can be more vulnerable to allegations or complaints.

To safeguard both pupils and adults, a risk assessment in relation to the specific nature and implications of one to one work will be undertaken. Each assessment will take into account the individual needs of each pupil and will be reviewed regularly.

Arranging to meet with pupils from the school away from the work premises is not be permitted unless the necessity for this is clear and approval is obtained from the Head teacher, the pupil and their parent.

**Staff and other adults in this school are expected to:**

- **ensure that wherever possible there is visual access and/or an open door in one to one situations;**
- **avoid use of 'engaged' or equivalent signs wherever possible. Such signs may create an opportunity for secrecy or the interpretation of secrecy;**
- **always report any situation where a pupil becomes distressed or angry;**

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<sup>2</sup> Sexual Offences Act 2003: abuse of a position of trust

- **consider the needs and circumstances of the pupil involved.**

## 23. Home Visits

All work with pupils and parents will usually be undertaken in the school or other recognised workplace. There are, however, occasions, in response to an urgent, planned or specific situation or job role, where it is necessary to make one-off or regular home visits. In any event, however, we will ensure that all visits are justified and recorded. We will also ensure that staff are not exposed to unacceptable risk.

We have a generic risk assessment for home visits which is in place to safeguard both staff and pupils, who may be more vulnerable in these situations. Staff have access to a mobile telephone and an emergency contact for use when undertaking home visits.

The generic risk assessment will be used and amended accordingly prior to any planned home visit taking place. The assessment will include an evaluation of any known factors regarding the pupil, parent and any others living in the household. Consideration will be given to any circumstances which might render the staff member becoming more vulnerable to an allegation being made e.g. hostility, child protection concerns, complaints or grievances. Specific thought will be given to visits outside normal working hours or in remote or secluded locations. Following the assessment, appropriate risk management measures are put in place before the visit is undertaken. In the unlikely event that little or no information is available, visits will not be made alone.

**Staff and other adults in this school are expected to:**

- **agree the purpose for any home visit with the Head teacher or other senior manager;**
- **adhere to agreed risk management strategies;**
- **avoid unannounced visits wherever possible;**
- **understand that, other than in an emergency, they should not enter a home if the parent is absent;**
- **ensure there is visual access and/or an open door in one to one situations;**
- **always make detailed records including time of arrival and departure;**
- **ensure any behaviour or situation which gives rise to concern is discussed with the Head teacher/DSL.**

## 24. Transporting Pupils

In certain situations, staff or volunteers may be required, or offer to transport pupils as part of their work. As for any other activity undertaken at work, the employer has a duty to carry out a risk assessment covering the health and safety of their staff and to manage any known risks.

Staff should never offer lifts to pupils unless the need for this has been agreed by the Head teacher. A designated member of staff will be appointed to plan and provide oversight of all transport arrangements and respond to any concerns that may arise.

Wherever possible and practicable, it is advisable that transport is undertaken other than in private vehicles and with at least one adult additional to the driver acting as an escort. The risk assessment will consider the need for additional members of staff taking into account the duration of the journey, the number of passengers etc.

It is a legal requirement that all passengers wear seatbelts and the driver is responsible for ensuring that those passengers under the age of 14 do so. Drivers must also be aware of and adhere to current legislation regarding the use of car seats for younger children.

Staff should never offer to transport pupils outside of their normal working duties, other than in an emergency or where not doing so would mean the child may be at risk. In these circumstances, the matter will be recorded and reported to both a senior manager and the child's parent(s). The school's Health and Safety Policy and educational visits procedures set out the arrangements under which staff may use private vehicles to transport pupils.

**Staff and other adults in this school are expected to:**

- **plan and agree arrangements with all parties in advance;**

- respond sensitively and flexibly where any concerns arise;
- take into account any specific or additional needs of the pupil;
- have an appropriate licence/permit for the vehicle;
- ensure they are fit to drive and free from any drugs, alcohol or medication which is likely to impair judgement and/or ability to drive;
- ensure that if they need to be alone with a pupil this is for the minimum time;
- be aware that the safety and welfare of the pupil is their responsibility until this is safely passed over to a parent;
- report the nature of the journey, the route and expected time of arrival in accordance with agreed procedures;
- ensure that their behaviour and all arrangements ensure vehicle, passenger and driver safety. This includes having proper and appropriate insurance for the type of vehicle being driven;
- ensure that any impromptu or emergency arrangements of lifts are recorded and can be justified;
- refer to the School procedures and national guidance for Educational visits.

## 25. Educational Visits

Staff responsible for organising educational visits are familiar with the School Health and Safety Policy and Educational Visits procedures.

The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations (1999) impose a duty on employers to produce suitable and sufficient risk assessments. This includes the assessment of any risks to employees, children or others during an educational visit, and measures that will be taken to minimise these risks. For regular activities, such as taking pupils to a local swimming pool, the risks will be considered under the school's general arrangements and a check to make sure that the precautions remain suitable is all that is required. For annual or infrequent activities, a review of an existing assessment may be all that is needed. For new higher-risk activities or trips, a specific assessment of the significant risks will be carried out.

Staff must take particular care when supervising pupils in the less formal atmosphere of an educational visit where a more relaxed discipline or informal dress and language code may be acceptable. However, staff remain in a position of trust and need to ensure that their behaviour cannot be interpreted as seeking to establish an inappropriate relationship or friendship.

Where out of school or setting activities include overnight stays, careful consideration will be given to sleeping arrangements. Pupils, adults and parents will be informed of these prior to the start of the trip. In all circumstances, those organising trips and outings will pay careful attention to ensuring there is a safe staff/child ratio and suitable gender mix of staff.

**Staff and other adults in this school are expected to:**

- adhere to the school's educational visits procedures and guidance;
- always have another adult present on visits, unless otherwise agreed with the Head teacher or other senior manager;
- undertake risk assessments where significant risks are identified or anticipated;
- have parental consent to the activity;
- ensure that their behaviour remains professional at all times;
- never share beds with a pupil;
- never share bedrooms unless it involves a dormitory situation and the arrangements have been previously discussed with the Head teacher, parents and pupils;
- refer to local and national guidance for Educational visits including exchange visits (both to the UK and abroad).

## 26. First Aid and Medication

The School has an adequate number of qualified first-aiders in accordance with our risk assessment and taking into account national guidance. Training of first aiders is updated regularly in line with statutory requirements. Where necessary, parents will be informed when first aid has been administered.

Any member of school staff may be asked to become a qualified first-aider or to provide support to pupils with medical conditions, including the administering of medicines, but they cannot be required to do so unless this forms part of their contract of employment<sup>3</sup>.

Staff at our school have received sufficient and suitable training and have achieved the necessary level of competency prior to taking on responsibility to support children with specific medical conditions.

Advice on managing medicines is included in the school 'Supporting Pupils with Medical Conditions' Policy. In circumstances where a pupil needs medication regularly, this would usually be recorded in their IHP. These plans provide details of the level and type of support a child needs to manage effectively their medical condition in school including medicine to be administered, the correct dosage and any storage requirements.

A record is kept of all medicines administered to pupils.

Where a member of staff is concerned or uncertain about the amount or type of medication being given to a pupil, this must be discussed with the DSL.

Adults taking medication which may affect their ability to care for children should seek medical advice regarding their suitability to do so. The school will ensure that such individuals only work directly with children if the medical advice confirms that the medication is unlikely to impair their ability to look after children.

**Staff and other adults in our school are expected to:**

- **ensure they have read and understood the school 'Supporting Pupils with Medical Conditions' Policy and procedures;**
- **ensure they make themselves familiar with any individual healthcare plan which might impact on the activities being undertaken;**
- **discuss with the Head teacher the actual or possible effects any medication they are taking may have on the work being carried out.**

## 27. Photography, Videos and Other Images

Many educational activities involve recording images. These may be undertaken for displays, publicity, to celebrate achievement and to provide records of evidence of the activity. Under no circumstances will staff be expected or allowed to use their personal equipment to take images of pupils at or on behalf of the school.

The School has arrangements in place for the taking and use of images, which is linked to our Child Protection Policy. This includes the wide range of devices which can be used for taking/recording images e.g. cameras, mobile phones, smart phones, tablets, web-cams etc. and the procedures for the use of these by both staff, parents and visitors.

Whilst images are regularly used for very positive purposes, adults need to be aware of the potential for these to be taken and/or misused or manipulated for pornographic or 'grooming' purposes. Particular regard needs to be given when images are taken of young or vulnerable children who may be unable to question why or how the activities are taking place.

Pupils who have been previously abused in a manner that involved images may feel particularly threatened by the use of photography, filming etc. Staff should remain sensitive to any pupil who appears uncomfortable and should recognise the potential for misinterpretation.

Making and using images of pupils will require the age appropriate consent of the individual concerned and their parent. Images will not be displayed on websites, in publications or in a public place without such consent. The definition of a public place includes areas where visitors to the setting have access.

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<sup>3</sup> Teachers cannot be required to do these tasks but other members of staff, whose contracts are agreed locally, can be required to do so if their contracts provide for it.

For the protection of children, when using images for publicity purposes, the following guidance is followed:

- If the image is used, we will avoid naming the child, (or, as a minimum, use first names rather than surnames);
- If the child is named, we will avoid using their image;
- We have a retention period for images which are stored securely and only used by those authorised to do so.

**Staff and other adults in our school are expected to:**

- **adhere to the school's procedures on the 'Use of Images';**
- **only publish images of pupils where they and their parent have given explicit written consent to do so;**
- **only take images where the pupil is happy for them to do so;**
- **only retain images when there is a clear and agreed purpose for doing so;**
- **store images in an appropriate secure place in the school;**
- **ensure that the Head teacher or other senior member of staff is aware that the photography/image equipment is being used and for what purpose;**
- **be able to justify images of pupils in their possession;**
- **avoid making images in one-to-one situations.**

**Staff and other adults must not:**

- **take images of pupils for their personal use;**
- **take images of any individual in the school, unless they have permission to do so;**
- **display or distribute images of pupils unless they are sure that they have parental consent to do so (and, where appropriate, consent from the child);**
- **take images of children using personal equipment unless it is agreed by a senior manager;**
- **take images of children in a state of undress or semi-undress;**
- **take images of children which could be considered as indecent or sexual.**

## **28. Exposure to Inappropriate Images**

Staff must take extreme care to ensure that children are not exposed, through any medium, to inappropriate or indecent images.

There are no circumstances that will justify adults: making, downloading, possessing or distributing indecent images or pseudo-images of children (child abuse images). Accessing these images, whether using the school or personal equipment, on or off the premises, or making, storing or disseminating such material is illegal.

If indecent images of children are discovered at the establishment or on the school or setting's equipment an immediate referral will be made to the Designated Officer (DO) and the Police contacted if relevant. The images/equipment will be secured and there must be no attempt to view or delete the images as this could jeopardise necessary criminal action. If the images are of children known to the school, a referral will also be made to the Safeguarding Hub (see poster in school for contact details)

Under no circumstances must any adult use school equipment to access pornography. Personal equipment containing pornography or links to it must never be brought into or used in school. This will raise serious concerns about the suitability of the adult to continue working with children.

Staff are required to keep their passwords confidential and not allow unauthorised access to equipment. In the event of any indecent images of children or unsuitable material being discovered on a device, the equipment must not be tampered with in any way. It will be secured and isolated from the network, and the DO contacted without delay.

Adults must not attempt to investigate the matter or evaluate the material themselves as this may lead to a contamination of evidence and a possibility that they will be at risk of prosecution themselves.

**Staff and other adults in this school are expected to:**

- abide by the school's acceptable use agreement and Online/e-safety Policy and procedures;
- ensure that children cannot be exposed to indecent or inappropriate images by checking the content of external links prior to access by children;
- ensure that any films or material shown to children are age appropriate.

## 29. Personal Living Accommodation Including On Site Provision - n/a

Generally, staff should not invite any pupils into their living accommodation unless the reason to do so has been firmly established and agreed with the Head teacher and the pupil's parent.

It is not appropriate for staff to be expected or requested to use their private living space for any activity, play or learning. This includes seeing pupils for e.g. discussion of reports, academic reviews, tutorials, pastoral care or counselling. The Head teacher or other senior manager will ensure that appropriate accommodation for such activities is found elsewhere in the school.

Under no circumstances must pupils be asked to assist adults with jobs or tasks, either for or without reward, at or in their private accommodation.

The above applies to all other persons living in or visiting the private accommodation.

**Staff and other adults in this school are expected to:**

- be vigilant in maintaining their privacy, including when living in on-site accommodation;
- be mindful of the need to avoid placing themselves in vulnerable situations;
- refuse any request for their accommodation to be used as an additional resource for the school;
- be mindful of the need to maintain appropriate personal and professional boundaries;
- not ask pupils to undertake jobs or errands for their personal benefit.

## 30. Overnight Supervision and Examinations - n/a

There are occasions during exam periods when timetables clash and arrangements need to be made to preserve the integrity of the examination process. In these circumstances, examination boards may allow candidates to take an examination the following morning, including Saturdays.

The supervision of a candidate on journeys to and from the Centre and overnight may be undertaken by the candidate's parent or centre staff.

The examination board requires the centre to determine a method of supervision which ensures the candidate's wellbeing. As a result, in some circumstances, staff may be asked to volunteer to supervise pupils, perhaps in their own homes.

The overriding consideration must be the safeguarding of both the pupil and staff. Most local authorities, professional associations and unions do not endorse the practice of staff supervising candidates overnight in their own homes. Some schools employ alternatives such as 'sleep-over' on the school premises.

Where arrangements are made for a staff member to supervise a pupil overnight then all necessary safeguards should be in place.

**Where staff do supervise candidates overnight:**

- a full health and safety risk assessment will be undertaken;
- all members of the household will be required to have appropriate vetting checks carried out including DBS and barred list checks;
- all arrangements will be made in partnership and agreement with the pupil and parent;
- arrangements involving one to one supervision will be avoided wherever possible;
- as much choice, flexibility and contact with the 'outside world' will be incorporated into any arrangement so far as is consistent with appropriate supervision;
- whenever possible, independent oversight of arrangements will be made;
- any situation which gives rise to complaint, disagreement or misunderstanding must be reported.

## 31. Curriculum

Many areas of the curriculum can include or raise subject matter which is sexually explicit or of a political or sensitive nature. Care will be taken to ensure that resource materials cannot be misinterpreted and clearly relate to the learning outcomes identified by the lesson plan. This will be supported by developing ground rules with pupils to ensure sensitive topics can be discussed in a safe learning environment. The lesson plan should highlight particular areas of risk and sensitivity and care must especially be taken in those areas of the curriculum where usual boundaries or rules are less rigorously applied e.g. drama.

The curriculum can sometimes include or lead to unplanned discussion about subject matter of a sexually explicit, political or otherwise sensitive nature. Responding to children's questions requires careful judgement and, in these circumstances, staff should take guidance from the DSL.

Care will be taken to comply with the school's guidance on the spiritual, moral, social and cultural development of pupils which includes the promotion of fundamental British values. Staff must also comply at all times with the Policy for sex and relationships education. It is noted that parents have the right to withdraw their child from all or part of any sex education provided but not from the National Curriculum for Science.

**Staff and other adults in this school are expected to:**

- **have clear written lesson plans;**
- **take care when encouraging pupils to use self-expression, not to overstep personal and professional boundaries;**
- **be able to justify all curriculum materials and relate these to clearly identifiable lesson plans.**

**Staff and other adults in this school will not:**

- **enter into, or encourage, inappropriate discussions which may offend or harm others;**
- **undermine fundamental British values;**
- **express any prejudicial views;**
- **attempt to influence or impose their personal values, attitudes or beliefs on pupils;**

## 32. Whistleblowing

Whistleblowing is the mechanism by which staff can voice their concerns, made in good faith, without fear of repercussion. Our school has clear and accessible Whistleblowing procedures. Staff who use the whistleblowing procedures will have their employment rights protected.

All staff have an individual responsibility to bring matters of concern to the attention of the Head teacher or Designated Safeguarding Lead. Not to do so may result in charges of serious neglect on their part where the welfare of a child is at risk.

**Staff and other adults in this school are expected to:**

- **report any behaviour by colleagues or any other adult in school that raises concern;**
- **report allegations against staff and volunteers to their manager, or where they have concerns about the manager's response, report these directly to the Designated Officer (DO).**

## 33. Sharing Concerns and Recording Incidents

All staff are aware of the school's safeguarding procedures including the procedures for dealing with allegations against staff and other adults. All employed staff have been given a copy of the Cumbria SCB 'Allegations Flow chart'.

Details of how and where to report concerns to the Cumbria Safeguarding Hub are displayed in the school office.

In the event of an allegation being made, by any person, or incident being witnessed, the relevant information must be immediately recorded and reported to the Head teacher, DSL or Chair of the Governors.

In order to safeguard and protect pupils and colleagues, where staff have any concerns about someone who works with children they must immediately report this to the Head teacher, DSL or senior manager.

**Staff and other adults in this school are expected to:**

- **be familiar with the school's arrangements for reporting and recording concerns and allegations;**
- **know how to contact the DO/Safeguarding Hub directly if required;**
- **take responsibility for recording any incident, and passing on that information where they have concerns about any matter pertaining to the welfare of an individual in the school or setting.**